## 053/B

Total No. of Questions: 26]

## ANNUAL EXAMINATION SYSTEM

## CHEMISTRY (Theory)

(Common for Science \& Agriculture Groups)
(English Version)

## (Evening Session)

Time allowed : Three hours
Maximum marks : 70
Note: (i) You must write the subject code/paper code 053/B in the box provided on the title page of your answer-book.
(ii) Make sure that the answer-book contains 30 pages (including title page) and are properly serialed as soon as you receive it.
(iii) Question/s attempted after leaving blank page/s in the answer-book would not be evaluated.
(iv) Log tables may be asked for if needed.
(v) Use of simple calculator is allowed.
(ivi) Marks allotted to each question are indicated against it.
(vii) The paper comprises of 26 questions. Attempt total 26 questions. Internal choice is given in $Q$. No. 19, 23, 24, 25 and 26.
(viii) Question No. 1 to 8 carry one mark each. Answer in one line.
(ix) Question No. 9 to 16 will be of two marks each. All questions are compulsory. They are short answer type questions.
(x) Question No. $\mathbf{1 7}$ to 23 will be of 4 marks each. All questions are compulsory. Internal choice is given for $Q$. No. 19 and 23.
(xi) Question No. 24, 25 and $\mathbf{2 6}$ (Three questions) will be of 6 marks each. All questions are compulsory. Full internal choice is given.

## All questions are compulsory.

1. Under what conditions the van't Hoff factor is less than one?
2. Define molecularity of a reaction. ..... 1
3. Write down IUPAC name of $\underset{\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\stackrel{\mathrm{NH}}{2}}{\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}}$ ..... 1
4. Complete the following reaction :-1
5. Write down the position isomer of1

5. Write down name of one antiseptic.1
6. What are artificial sweetners? ..... 1
7. What are polysaccharides? ..... 1
9 The two ions $A^{+}$and $B^{-}$have radil 88 pm and 200 pm respectively. In the close packed crystal ofcompound $A B$, predict the coordination number of $A^{+}$.2
8. A first order reaction is $20 \%$ complete in 10 minutes. Calculate the time for $75 \%$ cempletion of the reaction. ..... 2
9. What is Froth flotation process for concentration of ore? ..... 2
10. Write down differences between addition and condensation polymers. ..... 2
11. Express geometrical isomerism in ..... 2

12. What is mutarotation?
13. Write down coupling reaction of amines.
14. Explain how the colour of $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7}$ solution depends on $\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{H}}$ of the solution ?
15. Unit cell of an element (atomic mass $=108$ amu and density $=10.5 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~cm}^{-3}$ ) has an edge length of 409 pm . Deduce the type of crystal lattice.
16. (i) Prove that depression in freezing point is a colligative property.
(ii) 45 g of ethylene glycol $\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right)$ is mixed with 600 g of water. Calculate the freezing point depression $\left(\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{f}}\right.$ for water $=1.86 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{Kg} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ ).
17. Explain the variation of molar conductivity of strong and weak electrolytes with dilution. 4 or

Write the Nernst equation and calculate the emf of following cell at 298 K :4 $\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{s}) / \mathrm{Mg}^{2+}(0.001 \mathrm{M}) \| \mathrm{Cu}^{2+}(0.0001 \mathrm{M}) / \mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{s})$
$=\mathrm{Gven} \mathrm{E}^{\circ} \mathrm{Mg}^{2+} / \mathrm{Mg}=-2.37 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{E}^{\circ} \mathrm{Cu}^{2+} / \mathrm{Cu}=0.34 \mathrm{~V}$
20. Define coagulation. Differentiate between physical adsorption and chemical adsorption. 4
21. (i). Among noble gases, only Xe is known to form chemical compounds. Why? 2
(ii) Sulphur is a solid but oxygen is a gas. Why? 2
22. (i) Alcohols have higher boiling point than alkanes. Why? 2
(ii) Discuss oxidation of primary, secondary and tertiary alcohols. 2
23. (i) Write Cannizzaro reaction. 1
(ii) Write aldol condensation. 1
(iii) Why aliphatic carboxylic acids are stronger than phenols?2
(i) Carboxylic acids do not give characteristic reactions of carbonyl group. Explain. ..... 2
(ii) Why do aldehydes and ketones have high dipole moment? ..... 2
24. (i) $\mathrm{PbCl}_{2}$ is known but $\mathrm{PbCl}_{4}$ is not known. Explain with inert pair effect. 2
(ii) Why is $\mathrm{SF}_{6}$ much less reactive than $\mathrm{SF}_{4}$ ? 2
(iii) Give hybridization and draw structure of $\mathrm{XeF}_{2}$. 2
or
(i) Draw flow chart for Haber's process for the manufacture of ammonia. 3
(ii) Write down the reaction of Ozone with Potassium nitrite. $\because, 2$
(iii) Draw structure of $\mathrm{IF}_{5}$. 1
25. (i) Why do transition elements exhibit higher enthalpies of atomization? 2
(ii) Calculate equivalent weight of $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ in alkaline medium. 2
(iii) What are the consequences of Lanthanoid contraction? 2
or
(i) Write down general electronic configuration and any two uses of block elements. 3
(ii) Copper is regarded as transition metal though it has completely filled d-orbitals ( $3 \mathrm{~d}^{10} 4 \mathrm{~s}^{1}$ ). Explain.
(iii) Draw the structure of chromate ion.
26. Write the following reactions :
(i) Wurtz reaction
(ii) Sandmeyer's reaction 1
(iii) Hunsdiecker reaction
(iv) Reimer-Tiemann reaction 1
(v) Friedel Craft's acylation $\quad$ : 1
(vi) Ullman reaction 1
or
(i) Why are haloarenes more stable than haloalkanes? 3
(ii) Alkyl halides react with $\mathrm{AgNO} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ to give $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ or R-ONO. Explain. $\quad 3$

