Visit: www.brpaper.com for B-Tech,Diploma,BCA,BBA,MBA,MCA,Bsc-IT, Msc-IT,M-tech, Distance-Education,B-com.

#### Rell No. ..... Total No. of Questions : 09]

[Total No. of Pages : 02

Maximum Marks : 60

# B. Tech. (Sem. - 3<sup>rd</sup>) COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE <u>SUBJECT CODE</u> : CS - 201 <u>Paper ID</u> : [A0451]

[Note : Please fill subject code and paper ID on OMR]

#### Time : 03 Hours

#### **Instruction** to Candidates:

- 1) Section A is Compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any Four questions from Section B.
- 3) Attempt any Two questions from Section C.

#### Section - A

### **Q**1)

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

- a) How many 128 × 8 memory chips are needed to provide a memory capacity of 4096 × 16?
- b) Simplify the following Boolean function using three variable K Map.  $F(x, y, z) = \sum (1, 2, 3, 6, 7)$
- c) An 8 bit register contains the binary value 10011100. What is the register value after arithmetic shift right?
- d) Represent the following conditional control statement by two register transfer statements with the control functions.

If (P = 1) then  $(R1 \leftarrow R2)$  else if (Q = 1) then  $(R1 \leftarrow R3)$ 

- e) What are the two instructions needed in the basic computer in order to set the E Flip flop to 1?
- f) Write a symbolic Microprogram for the ADD operation.
- g) Given the 16 bit value 1001101011001101. What operation must be performed in order to clear to 0 the first eight bits?
- h) What are the different types of hazards in case of instruction pipeline?
- i) List four peripheral devices that produce an acceptable output for a person to understand.
- j) What is the transfer rate of an eight track magnetic tape whose speed is

Visit: www.brpaper.com for B-Tech,Diploma,BCA,BBA,MBA,MCA,Bsc-IT, Msc-IT,M-tech, Distance-Education,B-com.

#### $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- **Q2)** Describe Booth's multiplication algorithm.
- **Q3)** A two word instruction is stored in memory at an address designated by the symbol W. The address field of the instruction (stored at W + 1) is designated by symbol Y. The operand used during the execution of instruction is stored at address symbolized by Z. An index register contains the value X. State how Z is calculated from the other addresses. If the addressing mode of the instruction is.

(a) Direct.

(b) Indirect.

- (c) Relative.
- (d) Indexed.
- **Q4)** Explain the difference between hardwired control and microprogrammed control. Is it possible to have a hardwired control associated with the control memory?
- Q5) The time delay for the four segments in a pipeline are as follows:  $t_1 = 50$ ns,  $t_2 = 30$ ns,  $t_3 = 95$ ns, and  $t_4 = 45$ ns. The interface registers delay time  $t_r = 5$ ns.
  - (a) How long would it take to add 100 pairs of numbers in the pipeline?
  - (b) How can we reduce the total time to about one half of the time calculated in part (a)?
- Q6) Draw the diagram for a common bus system using tri state buffers and a decoder instead of multiplexers.

## Section - C

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$ 

- **Q7)** How the architecture of parallel processors is different from pipeline processors? Give the application areas of the both.
- Q8) Describe various modes of data transfer. Why does DMA have priority over the CPU when request a memory transfer?
- Q9) Give the significance of Cache memory. Discuss the various types of mapping procedures while considering the organization of cache memory.