<u>Visit: www.brpaper.com</u> for B-Tech,Diploma,BCA,BBA,MBA,MCA,Bsc-IT, Msc-IT,M-tech, Distance-Education,B-com.

Roll No. ....

R-454 [2058]

Total No. of Questions: 09]

[Total No. of Pages: 03

*P.T.O.* 

## Paper ID [CS206]

(Please fill this Paper ID in OMR Sheet)

## B. Tech (Sem. - 4th)

## **DATA COMMUNICATION (CS - 206)**

Tim	e:0	3 Hours Maximum Marks: 60						
Inst	ructi	on to Candidates:						
	1)	Section - A is Compulsory.						
	2)	Attempt any <b>Four</b> questions from Section - B. Attempt any <b>Two</b> questions from Section - C.						
	3)							
		Section - A $(10 \times 2 = 20)$						
Q1)	Cho	ose the correct or best alternative in the following.						
	a) The maximum number of unconfirmed frames that can be outstand any one time with SDLC is							
		(i) 4 (ii) 7						
	• .	(iii) 14 (iv) 8						
	b)	CLP field is used in ATM cell header to						
	1	(i) detect and correct single bit errors.						
		<ul><li>(ii) indicate type of frame.</li><li>(iii) provide flow control.</li></ul>						
		(iv) to discard cell when necessary.						
	c)	In which type of switching do all the datagrams of a message follow the						
		same channels of a path?						
		(i) circuit switching (ii) data gram packet switching						
		(iii) virtual circuit packet switching (iv) message switching						
	d)	A null modem is a unit which interconnects						
		(i) DTE to DCE (ii) DTE to DTE						
		(iii) * DCE to DCE (iv) DCE to DTE						
•	e)	USART performs the following function/s						
	• •	(i) insert and delete SYN characters						
		(ii) insert and delete start and stop bits						
		(iii) perform serial to parallel and vice versa						
		(iv) · both (i) and (iii).						

Visit: www.br			4				
		A,MBA,MCA,Bsc-IT, -Education,B-com.	,				
			ation and distort	ion o	of a signal, a line can be		
	f)		anon and distort	(ii)	grounded		
				` /	conditioned		
	~).		occurs in	(17)	Callaicanica		
	g)	VLF propagation	occurs in	(ii)	ionosphere	•	
\$1		(i) troposphere		(ii) (iv)			
			lamath of 50 foot	• /	<b>-</b>		
	h)		jengin of 30 feet		pecified in standard EIA-449		
		(i) EIA-232		(ii)			
		(iii) EIA-423		(iv)	EIA-422		
	1)	What is protocol.					
	j)	Explain about MA	N.				
			Section -	R			
			Section :		$(4\times 5=20)$		
Q2)	With of ea layer	ach layer with emp	an account of O hasis on the net	SI Iay work	yering. Discuss in brief functions k layer and its services to above		
Q3)	<ul><li>(a) With a neat flow chart give all digital-to-analog methods and explain their relevance to modems with an example.</li><li>(b) Calculate the highest bit rate for a telephone channel given, the bandwidth of the line to be 3000Hz and the signal to noise ratio being 35 dB.</li></ul>						
Q4)	What is HDLC? Explain its frame format and its various fields with a neat diagram. How is it superior to SDLC frame format?						
Q5)	What is line encoding? List the factors considered for selecting a line-encoding format. Draw and explain line-encoding formats for AMI and Manchester code.						
Q6)		te a note on error			rection methods. Construct the 01.		

 $72 \times 10 = 20$ 

- Q7) (a) What is TDM? With the help of a block diagram, explain how it works. What is statistical TDM? What is its advantage? Discuss its frame format.
  - (b). With the help of neat diagrams, explain the 802.3 frame format and its working. How does 4B/5B encoding guarantee that there will be no sequences of four or more 0s in the data field?

<u>Visit: www.brpaper.com</u> for B-Tech,Diploma,BCA,BBA,MBA,MCA,Bsc-IT, Msc-IT,M-tech, Distance-Education,B-com.

- **Q8)** (a) Explain any two shortest path routing protocols you have studied. Explain why adaptive routing techniques are superior to non-adaptive routing?
  - (b) How does ATM differ from frame relay? List and briefly define the ATM service categories. What are the services provided by AAC?
- **Q9)** (a) Draw and discuss the IP Datagram frame format. Discuss in detail the various fields. What is subnetting?
  - (b) Show by calculation how many hosts per network each IP address class A, B, and C can have.



R-454