

Total No. of Questions: 09

**B.Tech. (CE)/(ECE)/(EE)/(Electrical & Electronics)/ B.Tech. (Electronics & Computer Engg.)/ B.Tech. (Electronics & Electrical)/(ETE) (2011 Onwards) /
B.Tech. (Electrical Engg. & Industrial Control) (2012 Onwards) / B.Tech.
(Electronics Engg.) (2012 Onwards) (Sem. – 3)**

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – III

M Code: 56071

Subject Code: BTAM-301

Paper ID: [A1128]

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

1. **SECTION-A** is **COMPULSORY** consisting of **TEN** questions carrying **TWO** marks each.
2. **SECTION-B** contains **FIVE** questions carrying **FIVE** marks each and students have to attempt any **FOUR** questions.
3. **SECTION-C** contains **THREE** questions carrying **TEN** marks each and students have to attempt any **TWO** questions.

SECTION A

1. a) Evaluate, $\int \frac{z^3}{z+i} dz$ along the circle, $|z|=2$.
b) Under what condition or conditions the general linear partial differential equation of second order is elliptic.
c) Define the term “an indicial equation”.
d) Find, $L[(t e^{-t} \sin 4t)]$.
e) Form a partial differential equation from $z = f(x+y-z, xyz)$.
f) Expand $\sin z$ in Taylor’s series about the point $z = 0$.
g) Find the sum of the residues at each pole of the function $f(z)$, lying inside the circle $|z|=3$ where $f(z) = \frac{\tan z}{z}$.
h) If it is required to find the Fourier series of an odd function in $(-\pi, \pi)$ then which formulae you will use?
i) What are Dirichlet’s conditions for the expansion of $f(x)$ as a Fourier series in $(-\pi, \pi)$?
j) State the change of scale property of Laplace transforms.

SECTION B

2. Solve the partial differential equation, $(D^3 - 4D^2D' + 4DD'^2)z = 6 \sin(3x + 2y)$.
3. State and prove the Cauchy's integral formula.
4. Using Laplace transforms, solve the differential equation,

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 9x = \cos 2t \quad \text{where } x(0) = 1, x\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -1.$$

5. Find the Fourier series to represent, $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}(\pi - x)^2$, where $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$
6. Find the inverse Laplace transform of the function, $\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$.

SECTION C

7. Use the concept of residues to evaluate, $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{dx}{5 - 4 \sin x}$
8. A string is stretched and fastened to two points l apart. Motion is started by displacing the string in the form $y = a \sin \frac{\pi x}{l}$ from which it is released at time $t = 0$.

Show that the displacement of any point at a distance x from one end at time t is given by

$$y(x, t) = a \sin \frac{\pi x}{l} \cos \frac{\pi ct}{l}.$$

9. Solve in series, $x \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + (1+x) \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$.