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Total No. of Questions : 09]

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B.Tech. (Sem. - 3rd) **APPLIED THERMODYNAMICS - I SUBJECT CODE : ME - 209** <u>Paper ID</u> : [A0805]

[Note : Please fill subject code and paper ID on OMR]

Time: 03 Hours

Q1)

Maximum Marks: 60

Instruction to Candidates:

- 1) Section - A is **Compulsory**.
- 2) Attempt any Four questions from Section - B.
- 3) Attempt any **Two** questions from Section - C.

Section - A

$(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- What do you mean by stoichiometric air-fuel (A/F) ratio? a)
- leveloperz Give the graphical representation of the process of formation of steam. **b**)
- c) What is the function of a boiler chimney?
- Describe the various operations of a Ramkine Cycle. d)
- State the relation between the velocity of steam and the heat during any e) part of a steam nozzle.
- f) What do you mean by compounding of steam turbines?
- State the advantages of reheating steam. **g**)
- Define the term "degree of reaction" used in reaction turbine also write h) an analytical expression for the same.
- In what respects a jet condenser differs from a surface condenser? i)
- i) State the conditions which lower the volumetric efficiency of a reciprocating air compressor.

Section - B

$(4 \times 5 = 20)$

Explain with a neat sketch the construction and working of stirling boiler. **O**2)

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P.T.O.

Ms@M-tech Distance discupplication with steam at a pressure of 32 bar and a temperature of 410°C. The steam then expands isentropically to a pressure of 0.08 bar. Find the dryness fraction at the end of expansion and thermal efficiency of the cycle.

If the steam is reheated at 5.5 bar to a temperature of 395°C and then expanded isentropically to a pressure of 0.08 bar, what will be the dryness fraction and thermal efficiency of the cycle?

- **Q4)** Define critical pressure ratio of a nozzle and discuss why attainment of sonic velocity determines the maximum mass rate of flow through steam nozzle.
- **Q5)** Derive the expression for maximum blade efficiency in a single-stage impulse turbine.
- **Q6)** Steam is expanded in a set of nozzles from 10 bar and 200°C to 5 bar. What type of nozzle is it? Neglecting the initial velocity find minimum area of the nozzle required to allow a flow of 3kg/s under the given conditions. Assume that expansion of steam to be isentropic.

Section - C

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- Q7) The following is the analysis (by weight) of a chemical fuel :
 Carbon=60 percent : Hydrogen = 20 percent, Oxygen = 5%, Sulphur = 5
 percent and Nitrogen = 10 percent. Find the stoichiometric amount of air required for complete combustion of this fuel.
- **Q8)** 300 kg/min of steam (2 bar, 0.98 dry) flows through a given stage of a reaction turbine. The exit angle of the fixed blades as well as moving blades is 20° and 3.68 few of power is developed. If the roter speed is 360 r.p.m and the tip leakage is 5 percent, calculate the mean drum diameter and the blade height. The axial flow velocity is 0.8 times the blade velocity.

Q9) Prove that the volumetric efficiency of a single stage compresser is given by

$$\eta_{\text{val}} = 1 + k - k \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}, \text{ where } k = \frac{V_c}{V_s}$$

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