Roll No. Total No. of Questions : 09]

[Total No. of Pages : 02

Maximum Marks: 60

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

B.Tech. (Sem. –7th/8th) MECHANICAL VIBRATIONS <u>SUBJECT CODE</u> : ME - 408

Paper ID : [A0841]

[Note : Please fill subject code and paper ID on OMR]

Time : 03 Hours

Instruction to Candidates:

- 1) Section A is **Compulsory**.
- 2) Attempt any Four questions from Section B.
- 3) Attempt any **Two** questions from Section C.

Section - A

Q1)

- a) List the possible causes of vibrations?
- b) Differentiate periodic motion from simple harmonic motion.
- c) Define the terms natural frequency and phase difference.
- d) What do you mean by the fundamental mode of vibration?
- e) Enlist the types of damping used in mechanical systems.
- f) Define the term logarithmic decrement as applied to damped vibrations.
- g) What do you understand by transmissibility?
- h) Define the term influence coefficient.
- i) Write the significance of eigen value and eigen vector?
- j) Define the continuous system.

Section - B

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- **Q2**) A body is subjected to two harmonic motions given as $x_1 = 15\sin(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{6})$ and as $x_2 = 8\cos(\omega t + \frac{\pi}{3})$. What harmonic motion should be given to the body to bring it to equilibrium?
- **Q3**) Using Rayleigh's method find the natural frequency of a cantilever beam due to its weight only.

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P.T.O.

- Q4) Explain the principle of working of dynamic vibration absorber.
- **Q5**) Explain the terms under damping, critical damping and over damping. Give the practical use of critical damping feature.
- Q6) Explain the concept of a torsionally equivalent shaft.

Section - C

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- *Q7*) Write short notes on following:
 - (a) Accelerometer.
 - (b) Vibrometer
- **Q8**) Explain the steps involved in Stodola method of determining the fundamental natural frequency of the system with the help of a suitable example.
- **Q9**) A uniform string of length '*l*' and a large initial tension '*T*', stretched between two supports, is displaced laterally through a distance ' a_0 ' at the centre and is released at t = 0. Find the equation of motion for the string.