

APPLIED CHEMISTRY-I  
 1<sup>st</sup>/Common/2555/0451/Nov'15

Duration: 3hrs

M. Marks=75

SECTION-A

Q.1(A) Fill in the blanks

1x8=8

- (i) Dimensional formula of Density is \_\_\_\_\_
- (ii) A balanced chemical equation always obey the law of \_\_\_\_\_
- (iii) The shape of p-orbital is like \_\_\_\_\_
- (iv) Proton is \_\_\_\_\_ times heavier than electron.
- (v) \_\_\_\_\_ hardness of water can be removed by boiling.
- (vi) Blood is a \_\_\_\_\_ solution.
- (vii) Reducing agents \_\_\_\_\_ electrons.
- (viii) The functional group of aldehyde is \_\_\_\_\_

(B) State True or False

1x7=7

- (i) Ions are neutral particles.
- (ii) No two electrons can have same set of four quantum numbers.
- (iii) Horizontal rows are called columns.
- (iv) Sodium hydroxide is a weak electrolyte.
- (v) Ethylene is unsaturated in nature.
- (vi) Permutit is an artificial zeolite.
- (vii) Water is strongly dissociated into ions.

SECTION-B

Q.2 Attempt any TEN questions

10x3=30

- (i) What information is conveyed by a chemical equation?
- (ii) Calculate the actual mass of one molecule of water.
- (iii) What are the successes of Bohr's model of atom?
- (iv) Explain covalent bond with examples.
- (v) What are periods, groups and magic numbers?
- (vi) Explain scale and sludge formation.
- (vii) Give characteristics of drinking water.
- (viii) Explain open, closed and isolated system.
- (ix) Calculate the pH value of 0.001 M HCL.
- (x) Define an indicator, titration and end point.
- (xi) Explain the working of dry cell.
- (xii) What are electrolytes and non electrolytes?
- (xiii) Give the common and IUPAC NAMES of compounds (i) CH<sub>3</sub>CHO (ii) C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH (iii) CH<sub>3</sub>COCH<sub>3</sub>

SECTION-C

Q. 3 Attempt any THREE questions

3x10=30

- (i) (a) Define Ionic bond. What are the factors favouring the formation of ionic bond? 5
- (b) Balance the following equation by hit and trial method. 5
$$\text{Fe} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \longrightarrow \text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4 + \text{H}_2$$
- (ii) (a) State and explain Pauli's Exclusion Principle and Aufbau Principle. 5

- (b) Explain  $sp$ ,  $sp^2$ ,  $sp^3$  hybridization. 5
- (iii) (a) A sample of hard water is found to contain 285mg of  $MgCl_2/L$ . What will be its hardness in ppm? ( $Mg=24$ ,  $Cl=35.5$ ,  $O=16$ ,  $C=12$ ) 5
- (b) What is a buffer solution? Explain the types of buffer solution 5
- (iv) (a) How will you remove hardness of water by permutit process? 5
- (b) Differentiate between reversible and irreversible reactions. 2
- (c) Explain the process of electroplating. 3
- (v) (a) Differentiate between alkene and alkyne. 5
- (b) Explain catenation as a property of carbon. 3
- (c) What is direct and indirect redox reaction? 2