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Roll No. Total No. of Pages: 02

Total No. of Questions: 09

B.Tech.(2007-2010 Batches) (Sem.-1,2) ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

> Subject Code: CH-101 Paper ID: [A0110]

Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES:

- 1. SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION B & C. have FOUR questions each.
- 3. Attempt any FIVE questions from SECTION B & C carrying EIGHT marks each.
- 4. Select atleast TWO questions from SECTION B & C.

SECTION-A

1. Write briefly:

- (a) Why the water is soften before using in boiler?
- (b) Why rusting of iron in saline water is quicker than ordinary water?
- (c) What is the basic principle of chromatographic techniques?
- (d) State the difference between critical point and triple point.
- (e) What is Fluorescence and how it is different from phosphorescence?
- (f) State phase rule.
- (g) Define Retention Factor (R_f) .
- (h) What are primary and secondary photochemical processes?
- (i) Determine the number of components, number of phase and degree of freedom on the following equilibrium

(a)
$$N_2O_4(g) \rightleftharpoons 2NO_2(g)$$

(b)
$$NH_4Cl(s) \rightleftharpoons NH_3(g) + HCI(g)$$

When $P(NH_3) \neq P(HCL)$

(j) What is range of electromagnetic radiations used in UV-Vis spectrophotometer? Define λ_{max} .

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SECTION-B

- 2. (a) Calculate the quantity of lime and soda needed for softening 60,000 liters of water containing the following salts per litter: $Ca(HCO_3)_2 = 8.6$ mg, $Mg(HCO_3)_2 = 7.0$ mg, $CaSO_4 = 13.6$ mg, $MgSO_4 = 12.3$ mg, $MgCI_2 = 2.0$ mg and NaCI = 4.9 mg.
 - (b) Discuss hot lime soda process of water softening. (4, 4)
- 3. (a) Explain the mechanism of electrochemical corrosion.
 - (b) What are inhibitors? Explain types of inhibitors employed to control corrosion. (4, 4)
- 4. (a) Discuss various types of liquid chromatography.
 - (b) Discuss briefly the flow diagram of LC instrument with diagram. (4, 4)
- 5. (a) Derive Nernst equation and give its significance.
 - (b) Calculate the EMF of the given cell at 298°K.

$$Ag(s)|Ag(NO_3) (0.018 \text{ m}) || Ag(NO_3) (1.2 \text{ m}) | Ag(s).$$
 (5, 3)

SECTION-C

- 6. (a) How photochemical reactions differ from thermal reactions? Discuss stark-Einstein law of photochemical equivalence.
 - (b) Define quantum yield. Discuss reasons for low and high quantum yield. (5, 3)
- 7. (a) "IR specta is often characterized as molecular finger prints." Justify this statement.
 - (b) Calculate the number of vibrational degrees of freedom in following compounds:
 - (i) CO₂
- (ii) SO₂
- (iii) CH₄
- (c) Which of the following molecules will show IR Spectra and why

$$H_2$$
, HCl , CH_4 , CO_2 , H_2O (3, 3, 2)

- 8. (a) Discuss the principles of NMR.
 - (b) Explain the ¹H NMR patterns and intensities of isopropyl group in isopropyl alcohol. (4, 4)
- 9. State and explain phase rule, describe phase diagram of (i) Phenol-water system and (ii) triethylamine-water system. (8)

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