

SECTION-B

2. If $f = (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-n}$, find $\text{div}(\text{grad } f)$ and determine 'n' if $\text{div}(\text{grad } f) = 0$.
3. Verify Green's theorem for $\int_C [(xy + y^2)dx + x^2dy]$, where C is bounded by $y = x$ & $y = x^2$.
4. In a normal distribution, 31% of the items are under 45 and 8% are over 64. Find the mean and S.D. of the distribution.
5. A set of five similar coins is tossed 320 times and the result is

No. of Heads :	0	1	2	3	4	5
Frequency :	6	27	72	112	71	32

Test the hypothesis that the data follow a binomial distribution.

SECTION-C

6. (i) Show that the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} \alpha + i\gamma & -\beta + i\delta \\ \beta + i\delta & \alpha - i\gamma \end{bmatrix}$ is a unitary matrix, if $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 + \gamma^2 + \delta^2 = 1$.
 (ii) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$.
7. (i) Solve $(y \log y) dx + (x - \log y) dy = 0$.
 (ii) $p = \sin(y - xp)$.
8. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} + y = (1 - e^x)^2$
9. In an L – C – R circuit the charge q on a plate of a condenser is given by

$$L \frac{d^2q}{dt^2} + R \frac{dq}{dt} + \frac{q}{C} = E \sin pt$$

The circuit is tuned to resonance so that $p^2 = 1/LC$. If initially the current i and the charge q be zero, show that for small values of R/L , the current in the circuit at time t is given by $(Et / 2L) \sin pt$.