

Roll No.

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Total No. of Pages : 02

Total No. of Questions : 09

B.Tech.(CSE/IT) (2011 Batch) (Sem.-3)

DISCRETE STRUCTURES

Subject Code : BTCS-302

Paper ID : [A1124]

Time : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES :

1. **SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.**
2. **SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.**
3. **SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.**

SECTION-A

1. **Write briefly :**
 - a. How many words of three different letters can be formed from the letters of the word 'COMPUTER'?
 - b. Give an example of semi group but not monoid.
 - c. Prove that $A - B = A \cap B^c$.
 - d. Is every relation which is symmetric and transitive on a set A, always reflexive? Why or why not?
 - e. Define ring.
 - f. What is the minimum number of NOR gates required to construct an AND gate? Construct it.
 - g. Define graph isomorphism. Give an example of isomorphic and non-isomorphic graphs.
 - h. A graph consists of four vertices of degree three and an isolated vertex. Find the number of edges in the graph.
 - i. Define Euler graph.
 - j. Define Chromatic number.

SECTION-B

2. Show that the relation $x \leq y$ defined on the set of integers is a partial order relation.
3. Prove that a finite integral domain is a field.
4. There are 3 toys to be distributed among 7 children. In how many way can it be done such that
 - a. No child gets more than one toy.
 - b. There is no restriction as to the number of toys any child gets.
 - c. No child gets all toys.
5. For any sets A and B, prove :
 - a. $(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cap B^c$
 - b. $(A \cap B)^c = A^c \cup B^c$
6. Define a cyclic group with an example. Prove that every cyclic group is abelian.

SECTION-C

7. Solve $y_{n+1} - 4y_n + 3y_{n-1} = 4, y_0 = 1, y_1 = 0$ by finding the generating function of y_n .
8. Consider the group $G = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ under multiplication modulo 6.
 - a. Find the multiplication table of G.
 - b. Prove that G is a group.
 - c. Find $2^{-1}, 3^{-1}$ and 1^{-1} .
 - d. Find the order and subgroups generated by 2 and 3.
 - e. Is G cyclic? Justify your answer.
9. Write short notes on :
 - a. Generating functions
 - b. Boolean Algebra and its applications