

APPLIED CHEMISTRY-II
2nd Exam/Common/2254/May'17

Duration: 3 Hrs.

M. Marks: 75

SECTION – A

Q1 (a) Fill in the blanks.

10x1=10

- i. Calcination is heating the ore in the _____ of air.
- ii. The purest form of iron is _____.
- iii. The metal acting as _____ is always get corroded.
- iv. Producer gas is a mixture of _____.
- v. A good fuel should possess _____ ignition temperature.
- vi. The unit of viscosity is _____.
- vii. Lime acts as a _____ in silica bricks.
- viii. Enamel is pigmented _____.
- ix. The monomer of polyvinylchloride is _____.
- x. A pigment imparts _____ to paint.

(b) Fill in the blanks.

5x1=5

- i. Combustion of a fuel is an exothermic process.
- ii. Mineral oils are good in oiliness.
- iii. Nylon -66 is obtained by addition polymerization reaction.
- iv. Corrosion involves oxidation process.
- v. A forestation causes air pollution.

SECTION – B

Q2. Attempt any ten questions.

10x3=30

- a. Explain Froth flotation process for the concentration of sulphide ores.
- b. What is the difference between cast iron, wrought iron and steel?
- c. What is the cause of corrosion?
- d. Distinguish between octane number and cetane number.
- e. Write a short note on natural gas.
- f. Define viscosity. What is the effect of temperature on viscosity?
- g. Name the various constituents of paint. Explain the functions of a drying oil.
- h. What is a glass? What is the composition of glass?
- i. State and explain Pilling- Bedworth rule.
- j. Differentiate between thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics.
- k. How is Nylon-66 synthesized from its monomers? Write its uses.
- l. What are the characteristics of a good refractory material?
- m. What are primary and secondary pollutants? Give two examples of each.

SECTION- C

Attempt any 3 questions.

3x10=30

- Q3.** Name the important ores of copper. Describe the extraction of copper from its main ore. **10**
- Q4** (a) What are the theories of corrosion? Describe briefly the acid theory. **5**
(b) What are the advantages of gaseous fuels over the solid fuels? **3**
(c) What are anti-knock compounds? Give two examples. **2**
- Q5** (a) What are super conductors? What are their types? **4**
(b) What is a varnish? What are the characteristics of a good varnish? **4**
(c) Explain the mechanism of thin film lubrication. **2**
- Q6** (a) Give the preparation and uses of following polymers: **6**
(i) PVC (ii) Teflon (iii) Buna-S
(b) What is air pollution? What are its main sources? How can we prevent it? **4**
- Q7** (a) Calculate the gross calorific value of coal (using Dulong's formula) having the following percentage composition. **3**
C = 80% , H = 7% , O = 3% , S = 3.5% , N = 2.1% , and Ash = 4.4%
(b) Explain addition and condensation polymerization with suitable example in each case. **4**
(c) Explain green house effect and global warming. **3**