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B.Tech. (Sem. - 1st/2nd)
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - I
SUBJECT CODE : AM - 101 (2K4 & ONWARDS)

Paper ID : [A0111]

[Note : Please fill subject code and paper ID on OMR]

Time : 03 Hours

Maximum Marks : 60

Instruction to Candidates:

- 1) Section - A is Compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any Five questions from Section - B & C.
- 3) Select atleast two questions from Section - B & C.

Section - A

Q1)

[Marks : 2 each]

- a) Test for the convergence of the series $\sum \left(\frac{n}{n+1} \right)^{n^2}$.
- b) Using double integration, find area enclosed between the curves $y^2 = x^3$ and $x = y$.
- c) If $u = x^3 + xy$ and $v = xy$. Find $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}$.
- d) Prove $\Gamma(n+1) = n\Gamma(n)$, where $n > 0$.
- e) Find the curvature of curve $y^2 = x^3 + 8$ at the point (1, 3).
- f) Find the cube roots of unity.
- g) Evaluate $\int_0^2 \int_1^2 \int_0^{yz} xyz \, dx dy dz$.
- h) Define homogeneous function with an example.
- i) Find the centre and the radius of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 6x + 8y - 10z + 1 = 0$.
- j) Expand $\tan x$ in powers of x upto x^3 .

Section - B

[Marks : 8 Each]

- Q2)** (a) State and prove Euler's theorem.
(b) If $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ and $x^3 + y^3 + 3axy = 5a^2$, find the value of $\frac{dz}{dx}$, when $x = y = a$.
- Q3)** (a) Trace the curve $a^2y^2 = x^2(a^2 - x^2)$.
(b) If ρ_1, ρ_2 be the radii of curvature at the extremities of the chord of the cardioid $r = a(1 + \cos \theta)$ which pass through the pole, show that $\rho_1^2 + \rho_2^2 = \frac{16a^2}{9}$.
- Q4)** (a) Expand $x^2y + 3y - 2$ in powers of $(x - 1)$ and $(y + 2)$ using Taylor's theorem.
(b) Discuss maxima and minima of $x^3y^2(1 - x - y)$.
- Q5)** (a) Find the moment, about x-axis of arc of parabola $y = \sqrt{x}$, lying between $(0, 0)$ & $(4, 2)$.
(b) Find root mean square of $\sin x$ over the range $x = 0$ to $\pi/2$.

Section - C

[Marks : 8 Each]

- Q6)** (a) Show that the two circles $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2x + 3y + 4z - 5 = 0$, $5y + 6z + 1 = 0$
 $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 3x - 4y + 5z - 6 = 0$, $x + 2y - 7z = 0$
lie on the same sphere and find its equations.
(b) Find the equation of cone whose vertex is at the points $(1, 1, 3)$ and which passes through the ellipse $4x^2 + z^2 = 1$, $y = 4$.
- Q7)** (a) Change the order of integration $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy \, dx dy$ and hence evaluate the integral.
(b) Prove that $\int_1^0 \frac{x \, dx}{\sqrt{1-x^5}} = \frac{1}{5} \beta\left(\frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$.

- Q8)** (a) Test the convergence of the series $\frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{3}{2.3.4} + \frac{5}{3.4.5} + \dots$
- (b) Show that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(x^2 + nx)}{n(n+2)}$ for all real x , is uniformly convergent.
- Q9)** (a) Separate $\tan^{-1}(x + iy)$ into real and imaginary parts.
- (b) Solve the equation $x^4 - x^3 + x^2 - x + 1 = 0$, using De Moivre's theorem.

