

SECTION-B

2. Explain all addressing modes used in a general computer system with example.
3. What are interrupts? What are the major types of interrupts?
4. Design hardware implementation for the signed 2's complement multiplication (Booth algorithm). Also draw flowchart for multiplication of two numbers represented by 2's complement.
5. Write zero, one, two, three address instructions for the evaluation of following expression:

$$X = (A - B) + (C * D)$$

6. In certain scientific computations it is necessary to perform the arithmetic operation $(A_i + B_i) * (C_i + D_i)$ with the stream of numbers. Specify the pipeline configuration to carry out this task. List the contents of all registers in the pipeline from $i = 1$ through 6.

SECTION-C

7. Represent the hardwired control unit of a basic computer consisting 3×8 and 4×16 decoder. Elucidate how it will work and generate control signals. (10)
8. (a) How DMA transfer takes place? Explain. (7)
(b) Draw a block diagram of a Computer with Input-output processor. (3)
9. (a) The logical address space consists of 256 segments. Each segment can have up to 32 pages of 4K words each. Physical memory consists of 8K blocks of 4K words. Find the logical and physical address bits. Also formulate the logical and physical address format. (4)
(b) Write a short note on memory hierarchy in a computer System. Compare cache and main memory. (6)